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PLANT WAX VESSEL CANDLE FAQ

question	reason analysis	solutions
snowflake appears around the vessel	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) vessel is not preheated2) pouring temperature is too low3) vessel is not clean4) vessel wall is too thick5) ambient temperature is too low6) candle cools too fast	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) preheat the vessel before pouring2) appropriately increase pouring temperature3) keep the vessel clean before pouring4) preheat the vessel before pouring5) keep ambient temperature around 20°C6) reduce cooling speed (e.g. raise room temperature)
snowflake appears on candle surface	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) ambient temperature is too low2) upper layer pouring temperature is too high3) upper layer pouring is too late4) excessive amount of fragrance is added	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) keep ambient temperature around 20°C2) appropriately reduce upper layer pouring temperature3) appropriately adjust upper layer pouring time4) appropriately add oil locking agent
clear line between two pouring layer	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) upper layer pouring is too late2) upper layer pouring temperature is too high3) upper layer pouring is too thick4) ambient temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) appropriately adjust upper layer pouring time2) appropriately reduce upper layer pouring temperature3) upper layer pouring thickness should be kept below 5 mm4) keep ambient temperature around 20°C
oil bleed	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) ambient temperature change is too big2) candle cooling time is not long enough3) excessive amount of fragrance is added	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) control rapid changes in ambient temperature2) make sure candle is completely cooled before transferring3) appropriately add oil locking agent
wax off the vessel	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) candle heat preservation time is not long enough2) ambient temperature difference is excessive3) vessel is not preheated4) ambient temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) make sure candle is kept at room temperature for a long time before transferring2) control rapid changes in ambient temperature3) preheat the vessel before pouring4) keep ambient temperature around 20°C
vessel crackle	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) candle cools too fast2) vessel is not preheated3) ambient temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) control ambient temperature to ensure slow cooling of candle2) preheat the vessel before pouring3) keep ambient temperature around 20°C
crackle on candle surface	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) upper layer pouring is too late2) upper layer pouring temperature is too high3) ambient temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) appropriately adjust upper layer pouring time2) appropriately reduce upper layer pouring temperature3) keep ambient temperature around 20°C
cavitation	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) upper layer pouring is too early2) upper layer pouring is too thick3) upper layer pouring temperature is too high	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) appropriately control upper layer pouring time2) upper layer pouring thickness should be kept below 5 mm3) appropriately reduce upper layer pouring temperature
air bubble on candle surface	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) upper layer pouring temperature is too low2) air bubble occurs while stirring wax liquid	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) control upper layer liquid temperature to avoid too low2) avoid strong stirring of wax liquid
uneven color	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) vessel is not preheated2) stirring is uneven3) upper layer and bottom layer pouring temperature difference is too big4) use dye powder for coloring	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) preheat the vessel before pouring2) stirring thoroughly before pouring3) avoid too big pouring temperature difference between upper layer and bottom layer4) use dispersible dye for coloring